



**Canada
Province of Québec
Municipality of Campbell's Bay**

Unofficial translation

BYLAW – 100-18 - CODE OF ETHICS AND GOOD CONDUCT OF ELECTED OFFICIALS OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF CAMPBELL'S BAY

WHEREAS following a general election held on November 5, 2017, every local municipality must, before March 1, 2018, adopt a revised code of ethics and professional conduct, which replaces the current one, with or without modification. (Article 13 of the Municipal Ethics and Good Conduct Act)

WHEREAS according to articles 10 and 11 of the Municipal Ethics and Good Conduct Act a notice of motion was given by Councillor Jean-Pierre Landry on January 9, 2018 at a regular council meeting;

WHEREAS according to articles 10 and 11 of the Municipal Ethics and Good Conduct Act a draft bylaw was presented to council at the same regular meeting of Council on January 9th 2018;

WHEREAS according to article 12 of the Municipal Ethics and Good Conduct Act, a public notice was given on January 19th 2018;

WHEREAS the formalities provided for in the law on ethics and deontology in municipal matters have been respected;

Motioned by Councillor Lois Smith and unanimously resolved to adopt the following the Bylaw 100-18 concerning the Code of Ethics and Conduct of Elected Officials of the Municipality of Campbell's Bay, without any modifications:

And duly resolved

THAT a Code of Ethics and Good Conduct be adopted as follows:

SECTION 1: TITLE

The title of this code is: "Code of Ethics and Good Conduct of Elected Officials of the Municipality of Campbell's Bay.

SECTION 2: SCOPE

This code applies to every member of the council of the (Municipality of Campbell's Bay.

SECTION 3: PURPOSE OF THIS CODE

The purpose of this code is as follows:

- 1) To give priority to those values on which individual members of the municipal council base their decisions, and to contribute toward a better understanding of the values of the municipality;
- 2) To establish standards of behaviour which promote these values as being integral to the process of decision making by elected officers, and in their general conduct as well;
- 3) To prevent ethical conflicts and, if they arise, help in resolving them effectively and judiciously;
- 4) To ensure measures to enforce this code are applied in case of any breach of conduct.

SECTION 4: VALUES OF THE MUNICIPALITY

The following values shall serve as guides to decision making; to the general conduct of the members of the council of the municipality in their capacity as elected officials; and particularly when situations are encountered that are not explicitly provided for in this code or in the municipality's various policies.

1) Integrity

Members shall promote the values of honesty, rigorousness and justice.

2) Prudence in pursuit of the public interest

Members shall endeavour to meet their responsibilities toward the public duties entrusted to them. In fulfilling this mission, they shall act with professionalism, diligence and good judgment.

3) Respect for other members, municipal employees and citizens

Members shall promote respect in human relations. They have a right to respect in turn, and shall act respectfully toward all those with whom they have dealings in the course of their official duties.

4) Loyalty to the municipality

Members shall work in the best interests of the municipality.

5) Fairness

Members shall treat all people justly by acting, as far as possible, in the spirit of the laws and regulations.

6) Honour attached to municipal councillors

Members shall safeguard the honour of their position, which presupposes constant practice of the five above-mentioned values: integrity, prudence, respect, loyalty and fairness.

SECTION 5: RULES OF CONDUCT

5.1 Scope

The rules in this section should guide the conduct of elected officers as members of the council, committee or commission of:

- a) the municipality, or
- b) any other body in their capacity as members of the municipal council.

5.2 Purpose

These rules are intended, in particular, to prevent:

1. Any situation in which council members' private interest might impair their independence of judgment in course of their official duties;
2. Any situation that would be contrary to sections 304 and 361 of the Municipal Elections and Referendums Act (R.S.Q. chapter E-2.2)
3. Favouritism, embezzlement, breach of trust or other misconduct.

5.3 Conflict of interest

5.3.1 Members of a council are prohibited from acting, or attempting to act, or omitting to act, in the course of their official duties, so as to further their private interest or improperly further the interest of any other person or persons.

5.3.2 Members of a council are prohibited from using their position to influence or attempt to influence another person's decisions so as to further their private interest or improperly further the interest of any other person or persons.

However, members are not considered to have violated this section when they benefit from the exceptions mentioned in paragraphs 4 and 5 of subsection 5.3.6.

5.3.3 Members are prohibited from soliciting, eliciting, accepting or receiving any benefit, whether for themselves or for another person or persons, in exchange for taking a position on a matter that may be brought before a council, committee or commission on which the council member sits.

5.3.4 Members are prohibited from accepting any gift, mark of hospitality or other benefit, whatever its value, that might impair their independence of judgment in course of their official duties, or otherwise compromise their integrity.

5.3.5 If a council member receives any gift, mark of hospitality or other benefit that is not of a purely private nature or not prohibited under subsection 5.3.4, but that exceeds \$200 in value, the member must file a written disclosure statement with the (clerk) (secretary-treasurer) of the municipality within 30 days of receiving the benefit. The disclosure statement must contain an accurate description of the gift, mark of hospitality or benefits received, and state the name of the donor, the date and the circumstances under which it was received. The (clerk) (secretary-treasurer) shall keep a public register of these disclosure statements.

5.3.6 Members may not knowingly have a direct or indirect interest in a contract with the municipality or public body contemplated in section 5.1

A member is deemed not to have such interest if:

- 1) The member acquires such interest as part of an inheritance or donation, and renounces or disposes of it as soon as possible;
- 2) The member's interest consists of holding shares in a company of which the member is not an owner, director or senior executive, and in which the member holds less than 10% of the voting stock;
- 3) The member's interest is based on the fact that he or she is a member, director or officer of another municipal or public body within the meaning of the Access to Public Documents and Protection of Personal Information Act (R.S.Q., chapter A-2.1), a non-profit organization, or an body of which he or she is required by law to be a member, director or officer in his or her capacity as a member of the municipal council or municipal body;
- 4) The contract is for remunerations, allowances, reimbursement of expenses, social benefits, goods or services to which the member is entitled as a condition of employment associated with his or her office in the municipality or municipal body;
- 5) The contract is for the member's appointment to an official post or employment which the member is eligible to hold without prejudice to his or her office;
- 6) The contract is for the delivery of general services provided by the municipality or municipal body;
- 7) The contract is for the sale or rental of an immovable on non-preferential terms;
- 8) The contract is in the form of bonds, notes or other public securities offered by the municipality or municipal body, or is for the acquisition of the securities on non-preferential terms;
- 9) The contract is for services or goods that the member is required by statute or regulation to supply or render to the municipality or municipal entity;
- 10) The contract is for the supply of goods by the municipality or municipal body and was signed before the member assumed office in the municipality or municipal body, and before he or she entered as a candidate for office or was elected to office;
11. In case of *force majeure*, the general interest of the municipality or municipal body requires that the contract be awarded in preference to all other offers.

5.3.7 A council member who is present at a session when a matter arises in which he or she has a private pecuniary interest, whether directly or indirectly must disclose the general nature of his or her interest before debate on the matter begins. Interested members must also abstain from taking part in discussion or debate, voting or attempting to influence a vote on the matter.

In a closed session, the member must, in addition to the preceding, disclose the general nature of his or her interest, and then leave the session and remain absent until the matter has been debated and voted upon.

If the matter on which a council member has a pecuniary interest is taken up during a session when the member is absent, the member, once he or she becomes aware that matter is under discussion, must disclose the general nature of his or her interest to the first session at which he or she is present.

This subsection does not apply in cases where the council member's interest consists of remunerations, allowances, reimbursement of expenses, social benefits, goods or services to which the member is entitled as a condition of employment associated with his or her office in the municipality or municipal body;

Nor does it apply in a case where a council member's interest is so small that the member cannot reasonably be expected to be influenced by it.

5.3.8 It is forbidden for any member of the council of the municipality to announce, during a political financing activity, the carrying out of a project, the conclusion of a contract or the granting of a subsidy by the municipality, unless a final decision in respect of that project, contract, or grant has been made by the competent authority of the municipality. A board member who employs firm personnel shall ensure that such employees comply with the prohibition provided for in the first paragraph. In the event of non-observance of this prohibition by one of these, the member of the council is imputable for the purposes of the imposition of the penalties envisaged with 10 of the present Code and with article 31 of the Law on the ethics and deontology in municipal matters. "

5.4 Use of municipal resources:

Members are prohibited from using the resources of the municipality or any other body referred to in section 5.1 for personal use or for purposes other than activities related to their official duties.

This prohibition does not apply when a council member uses a resource generally available to citizens, and does so on non-preferential terms.

5.5 Use or communication of confidential information

Council members must respect the confidentiality of information not generally available to the public but which they have obtained in the course of their official duties. This confidentiality applies both during and after their terms of office, and they are further prohibited from using or communicating, or attempting to use or communicate, such information so as to further their private interests or those of another person or persons.

5.6 After term of office

During the 12 months after the end of council members' respective terms of office, they are prohibited from serving as a director, officer or senior executive of a corporation, or hold employment or any other position so as to obtain undue benefit for themselves or another person, based on their previous office as members of the municipal council.

5.7 Breach of trust and embezzlement

Council members are prohibited from diverting goods belonging to the municipality for their private use or use by a third party.

SECTION 6: MECHANICS AND ENFORCEMENT

6.1 Any violation of a rule or rules of this Code of Ethics and Good Conduct by a member of a municipal council may result in one or more of the following sanctions:

- 1) A reprimand;
- 2) The delivery to the municipality, within 30 days after the decision of the Commission municipale du Québec, of:
 - a) the gift, mark of hospitality or benefit received, or its equivalent value;
 - b) any profit obtained in violation of a rule or rules of this code;
- 3) Repayment of the remuneration, allowance or other amounts received as a member of a municipal council, committee or commission, or as a member of a body contemplated in section 5.1, while the violation of the rule or rules continued;
- 4) Suspension of the municipal council member for a period of up to 90 days and not exceeding the expiry date of the member's term of office.

When suspended, a municipal council member may not sit on any council, committee or commission of the municipality, or on any other body in his or her capacity as a municipal council member; nor receive any remuneration, allowance or other amounts from the municipality or such body.

SECTION 7: ENTRY INTO FORCE

This regulation shall come into force according to the relevant provisions of the Act.


Maurice Beauregard
Maire


Sarah Bertrand
Directrice générale

Notice of motion:	January 9 2018
Adoption of First Project:	January 9 2018
Public Notice:	January 19 2018
Adoption of By-Law:	February 6 2018
Notice of Promulgation:	February 12 2018
Transmit to MAMOT	February 12 2018